

## What

### ...is a DNACPR?

- DNACPR stands for Do Not Attempt Cardio Pulmonar Resuscitation
- cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) is an emergency procedure for a person whose heart or breathing has stopped
- DNACPRs used correctly protect people's human rights and respect their wishes.

## Who

### ...are DNACPRs for?

- DNACPR decisions are made in advance with the person concerned and/or their advocate if they do not want CPR
- they're signed by a doctor leading their care
- care workers need to know who has a DNACPR form and where it is kept.



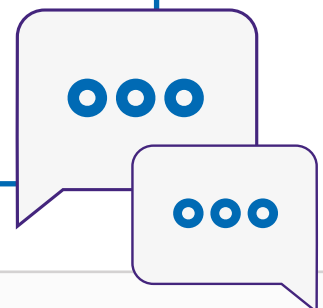
## When

### ...should a DNACPR be used?

- when someone who has decided they do not want CPR needs urgent medical care in hospital or home setting.

### ...should a DNACPR be reviewed?

- if a person or someone close to them requests it
- if there are changes in the person's clinical prognosis.



## Take action



### When should action be taken?

- if a DNACPR is put in place without consultation with the person or people close to them (representatives)
- if a care worker is asked to consent to a DNACPR
- if DNACPR decisions are being applied to groups or people.

### How to take action

- raise concerns with the doctor who signed the DNACPR form or, in an emergency, speak to the team providing care and treatment
- notify CQC [www.cqc.org.uk/give-feedback-on-care](http://www.cqc.org.uk/give-feedback-on-care)
- raise concerns with your local Safeguarding Adults Board.

For more information, please visit the website which has supporting resources such as FAQ's, videos and useful checklists  
[www.skillsforcare.org.uk/DNACPR](http://www.skillsforcare.org.uk/DNACPR)